

DOOR FOR REFRIGERATOR AND
METHOD OF PRODUCING THE DOOR FOR REFRIGERATOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a door for refrigerator and a method for producing the door for refrigerator.

10 2. Description of the Related Art

Fig. 7 is a perspective view illustrating a conventional door for refrigerator. Referring to the figure, a door 1 is composed of a door panel 3, an inner panel 2, a door cap 4 which is fitting into the upper portions of the door panel 3 and the inner panel 2, and a handle 5 which is fitting into the bottom portions of the door panel 3 and the inner panel 2. Inside the housing of the door 1, a heat insulating foam material is provided.

The door panel 3 is normally painted in a single color. The door 1 is also provided with a sheet metal part which is put between the door panel 3 and the heat insulating foam material. The sheet metal is supposed to keep the door panel 3 from getting uneven on the surface by a thermal shrinkage effect of the heat insulating foam material. The sheet metal part serves both for detaching the door panel 3 from the heat insulating foam material

and for reinforcing the door panel 3.

As the conventional door for refrigerator is thus constructed, the door panel 3 would not look attractive in design if the door panel 3 has an uneven surface caused by 5 the thermal shrinkage effect of the heat insulating foam material. For that reason, the sheet metal part is to be added both for detaching the door panel 3 from the heat insulating foam material and for reinforcing the door panel 3 so that the door panel 3 may not be stretched to 10 cause the uneven surface by the thermal shrinkage of the heat insulating form material. Consequently, this leads to an extra production cost.

There is another problem of the conventional door for refrigerator in respect of the design of the front 15 view of the door 1. The door 1 has such separate parts of injection as the door cap 4 and the handle 5 fitting into the door panel 3 in the upper portion and in the bottom portion, respectively. For that reason, there would be no problem to have some color pattern in the horizontal 20 direction in the front view of the door 1 if the door cap 4 and the handle 5 are painted in a different color from that of the door panel 3. Having such color patterns in the vertical direction in the front view of the door 1, however, requires extra separate parts to be added on both 25 sides of the door panel 3 because the door panel 3 is

1 painted in a single color. Consequently, this also leads
2 to an extra production cost.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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One of the objects of the present invention is to provide a door for refrigerator which is sophisticated in design and also cuts production cost and a method of producing the door for refrigerator.

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This and other objects of the embodiments of the present invention are accomplished by the present invention as hereinafter described in further detail.

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According to one aspect of the present invention, a door for refrigerator is composed of a door panel made of metal, an inner panel combined with the door panel, a door cap fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in an upper portion, and a handle fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in a bottom portion. Furthermore, the door for refrigerator has a heat insulating foam material injected inside. Then, the door for refrigerator includes draw forming provided at a position near to an edge of at least either side of the door panel.

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According to another aspect of the present invention,

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a door for refrigerator is composed of a door panel made of metal, an inner panel combined with the door panel, a door cap fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in an upper portion, and a handle fitting into the door 5 panel and the inner panel in a bottom portion. Furthermore, the door for refrigerator has a heat insulating foam material injected inside. Then, the door for refrigerator includes draw forming provided a given position of the door panel. The door panel may have a two-tone color, and 10 the draw forming may be provided on a boundary of colors.

According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of producing a door for refrigerator, which is composed of a door panel made of metal, an inner panel combined with the door panel, a door cap fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in an upper portion, and a handle fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in a bottom portion, the door for refrigerator having a heat 15 insulating foam material injected inside, includes the step of providing draw forming at a position near to an edge of at least either side of the door panel. 20

According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of producing a door for refrigerator, which is composed of a door panel made of metal, an inner panel combined with the door panel, a door cap fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in an upper portion, and a 25

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handle fitting into the door panel and the inner panel in
a bottom portion, the door for refrigerator having a heat
insulating foam material injected inside, includes the
steps of providing draw forming at a given position of the
5 door panel, coloring the door panel in two-tone color, and
providing the draw forming on a boundary of colors.

Further scope of applicability of the present
invention will become apparent from the detailed
10 description given hereinafter. However, it should be
understood that the detailed description and specific
examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the
invention, are given by way of illustration only, since
various changes and modifications within the spirit and
15 scope of the invention will become apparent to those
skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

20 The present invention will become more fully
understood from the detailed description given hereinafter
and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of
illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the
present invention, and wherein:

25 Fig. 1 shows a front view of a door for refrigerator

according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a Z-Z sectional view of the door for
refrigerator of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a graph illustrating a curve based on a
5 draw forming position on each side of the door panel and a
maximum amount of displacement corresponding to the draw
forming position according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 4 is a graph illustrating a curve based on a
draw forming position on each side of the door panel and a
10 maximum amount of displacement corresponding to the draw
forming position according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a sectional view of a door for
refrigerator according to a second embodiment;

Fig. 6 is a sectional view of a door for
15 refrigerator according to a third embodiment; and

Fig. 7 is a diagram illustrating a conventional door
for refrigerator.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

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Reference will now be made in detail to the present
preferred embodiments of the invention, examples of which
are illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein like
reference numerals indicate like elements through out the
25 several views.

Embodiment 1.

Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 are diagrams illustrating a door for refrigerator according to a first embodiment of the present invention. Fig. 1 shows a front view of the door for refrigerator. Fig. 2 shows a Z-Z sectional view of the door for refrigerator of Fig. 1.

Referring to the figures, a door 1 is composed of the combination of a door panel 3, which is one of the components of a front design view of the door 1, and an inner plate 2, which is provided on an inner side of the door panel 3, and a door cap 4 fitting into the combination on an upper portion and a handle 5 fitting into the combination on a bottom portion. The door 1 is provided inside with a heat insulating form material 6.

The door panel 3 is painted in two-tone color. The color of the shaded portions on the door panel 3 of Fig. 1 is different from the color of the other portions. The two-tone color may be of tones of a color with a touch of relaxation such as a combination of deep blue and light blue or of deep gray and white gray, for example. Furthermore, draw forming is provided on the boundaries of the two-tone color on both sides of the door panel 3 by press working in such a manner as to push the center portion of the door panel 3 outwards to form a convexity.

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Then, the draw forming is provided at a position of approximately ten percent (10%) of a full width of the door panel 3 away from an edge of the door panel 3 on each side.

5 Fig. 3 is a graph illustrating a relation between a draw forming position B and a maximum amount of displacement of the door panel 3 when the draw forming is provided on both sides of the door panel 3. Fig. 4 is a
10 graph illustrating a relation between a draw forming position B and a maximum amount of displacement of the door panel 3 when the draw forming is provided on either side of the door panel 3.

As illustrated in the graphs of Fig. 3 and Fig. 4,
15 the door panel 3 gets most reinforced with a least amount of displacement when the draw forming is provided at a position of approximately ten percent (10%) of the full width of the door panel 3 away from a side edge of the door panel 3. For that reason, the additional sheet metal part needed for the conventional door for refrigerator for
20 the purpose of keeping the door panel 3 from getting uneven on the surface is allowed to be eliminated.

In addition to that, the draw forming is thus provided in such a manner as to push the center portion of the door panel 3 outwards to form a convexity. For that
25 reason, it is possible to secure enough thickness for an

efficient heat insulation, thereby achieving less thermal leakage through the door 1.

Furthermore, with a standard module (500-800 in width, 1500-1800 in height) of refrigerator, if the door

5 is designed in such a manner as to give an impression of a frame on the surface of the door on each side, the most effective ratio for the width of the frame (the ratio in which the frame is recognized most effectively) is 10% or less compared to a full width of a door in a front view.

10 For that reason, by placing the draw forming at this most effective position, the design of the door can give the impression that the frame is on the surface of the door on each sided without adding extra separate parts of injection or the like.

15 Thus, as stated above, according to this embodiment, the door for refrigerator wears an accent in color on both sides of the door panel 3. Alternatively, the accent in color may be provided on either side of the door panel 3. Still alternatively, the draw forming may be provided in
20 any position on the door panel 3 as long as the design of the door is sophisticated enough. For example, the draw forming may be provided at a center portion of the door panel 3 or at any upper and bottom portions of the door panel 3.

25 It is a positive effect of the door for refrigerator

of this embodiment with the draw forming provided at the position near to the edge of at least either side of the door panel that the door panel is allowed to be reinforced. For that reason, the reinforcing sheet metal needed for 5 keeping the door panel from getting uneven on the surface is eliminated. This allows the door for refrigerator to be provided at a lower production cost.

It is another positive effect of the door for refrigerator of this embodiment with the draw forming 10 provided at the position of approximately 10% of the full width of the door panel away from a side edge of the door panel that the door panel is allowed to be most reinforced.

It is still another positive effect of the door for refrigerator of this embodiment with the draw forming 15 provided in such a manner as to push the center portion of the door panel outwards to form a convexity that the heat insulating wall is allowed to secure enough thickness for producing an energy-saving door for refrigerator.

It is still another positive effect of the door for refrigerator of this embodiment with the draw forming 20 provided in the two-tone door panel that the door is allowed to wear an accent in color on both sides or either side thereof. In addition to that, the door for refrigerator of this embodiment is allowed to be provided 25 in the sophisticated design which is associated with a

frame without adding extra separate parts and at a lower production cost.

It is still another positive effect of the door for refrigerator of this embodiment with the draw forming provided in any given portion of the door panel, with the door panel painted in two-tone color, and with the draw forming provided on the boundary of the two-tone color that the door panel is allowed to be reinforced, thereby eliminating the reinforcing sheet metal for keeping the door panel from getting uneven on the surface. In addition to that, the door is allowed to wear an accent in color. For that reason, the door for refrigerator of this embodiment is allowed to be sophisticated in design and provided at a lower production cost.

According to a method of producing the door for refrigerator of the present invention, the draw forming may be provided at the position near to the edge of at least either side of the door panel. For that reason, the door panel is allowed to be reinforced, thereby eliminating the reinforcing sheet metal for keeping the door panel from getting uneven on the surface. Consequently, the door for refrigerator is allowed to be provided at a lower production cost.

According to another method of producing the door for refrigerator of the present invention, the draw

forming may be provided on a given portion of the door panel, the door panel may be painted in two-tone color, and the draw forming may be provided on the boundary of the two-tone color. For that reason, the door panel is allowed to be reinforced, thereby eliminating the reinforcing sheet metal for keeping the door panel from getting uneven on the surface. In addition to that, the door is allowed to wear an accent in color. This allows the door for refrigerator to be sophisticated in design and provided at a lower production cost.

Embodiment 2.

Fig. 5 is a sectional view of a door for refrigerator according to a second embodiment. Referring to the figure, a reference numeral 7 denotes a gradation portion having a series of changes of hues. A reference numeral 8 denotes a draw forming portion which is provided on the gradation portion 7. The other portions of the door for refrigerator of Fig. 5 are the same as those discussed with reference to the door for refrigerator of Fig. 2.

In order to absorb displacement caused by press working, the gradation portion 7 is provided on the boundary of the two-tone color, and the draw forming portion 8 is provided on the gradation portion 7.

It is a positive effect of the door for refrigerator

of this embodiment with the gradation portion provided
between the colors of the two-tone door panel, and with
the draw forming portion provided on the gradation portion
that the displacement caused by the draw forming press
working is prevented.

5 Embodiment 3.

Fig. 6 is a sectional view of a door for
refrigerator according to a third embodiment. Referring to
10 the figure, a reference numeral 9 denotes a boundary of
two-tone color. The other portions of the door for
refrigerator of Fig. 6 are the same as those discussed
with reference to the door for refrigerator of Fig. 2 or
Fig. 5.

15 The boundary of two-tone color 9 is placed in a
center portion of the draw forming in consideration of
displacement caused by press working, thereby allowing the
press working to be done easily.

It is a positive effect of the door for refrigerator
20 of this embodiment with the boundary of two-tone color
placed at the center portion of the draw forming that the
press working is allowed to be done easily.

The invention being thus described, it will be
25 obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such

variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the
5 following claims.

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